



01.

Giftedness refers to a pattern of advanced learning, thinking, or skill development in one or more areas.

It can be seen in areas like learning, problem-solving, sports, music, or the arts.



02.



Giftedness is diverse.

A gifted person may be advanced in some areas, but more typical, or even behind, in others.

For example, a 6-year-old might learn well above their age level, but still deal with their emotions like most other 6-year-olds.

03.



Giftedness does not mean perfection.

Gifted people can still struggle with motivation, organisation, friendships, emotions, or everyday tasks, just like anyone else.

Gifted people may need challenge and support.

For example, a child may need maths extension and help organising their school workload.

04.

